

Math 4990: Intro to combinatorics and graph theory
Fall 2020, Sam Hopkins
Midterm exam 1- Due Tuesday Oct. 13th

Instructions: There are 5 problems, worth 20 points each, totaling 100 points. This is an open book, open library, open notes, open web, take-home exam, but you are not allowed to interact with anyone (including online forums) except for me, the instructor. As always, in order to earn points you need to carefully *explain your answer*.

Throughout, $[n] := \{1, 2, \dots, n\}$.

1. (20 points total)
 - (a) (10 points) How many rearrangements (i.e., anagrams) are there of the letters in the word “COMMITTEE”?
 - (b) (10 points) What is the probability that the first two letters are the same in a (uniformly) random such rearrangement?
2. (20 points) Let $A(n, k)$ denote the number of set partitions of $[n]$ into k parts for which every part has size at least 2. Prove the recurrence $A(n, k) = k \cdot A(n - 1, k) + (n - 1) \cdot A(n - 2, k - 1)$.
3. (20 points) Find all triples (a, b, c) of positive integers $a \geq b \geq c \geq 1$ such that

$$\binom{a}{b} \binom{b}{c} = 2 \binom{a}{c}.$$

4. (20 points total) Let $\pi \in S_n$ be a permutation with k cycles of sizes c_1, c_2, \dots, c_k . Let m be the smallest positive integer with $\pi^m(i) = i$ for all $i \in [n]$.
 - (a) (10 points) Explain what m is in terms of c_1, \dots, c_k .
 - (b) (10 points) Give an upper bound for m in terms of n only (and not k, c_1, \dots, c_k).
5. (20 points) Let \mathcal{F} be a collection of subsets of $[n]$. Prove that if \mathcal{F} contains at least $2^{n-1} + 1$ subsets, then there are two subsets $T, S \in \mathcal{F}$ for which $T \subset S$.